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The Times

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THE ANNUAL TRADE NUMBER.

This handsome illustrated publication, of 48 large pages, with lithographed cover and three maps, is declared by all who have seen it to be by far the finest thing of a similar character ever issued from a Los Angeles printing establishment.

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To Sportsmen. We have a few only of the premium shot guns. They will be sold each for \$15.00, or with the WEEKLY MIRROR one year, for \$18. The TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

THE Pope was 80 years old yesterday.

THERE is nothing to complain about in this weather.

THE latest big Chicago scheme is a \$3,000,000 Masonic Temple.

SOCIALISM is spreading in Germany. It is there to stay, and nothing can stop its advance.

THE Louisiana lottery concern has not given up its idea of getting a foothold in Dakota.

THE Grant Monument Association now has \$141,593. New York should be ashamed that the amount is not larger.

EMBEZZLEMENTS by trusted officials are constantly becoming more frequent in this country. Too many people are trying to lead a \$10,000 a year life on a \$2000 salary.

THE San Francisco Wasp of next Saturday will signalize its issue by a special cartoon on Southern California, with reference to the Citrus Fair, accompanied by special correspondence from this city.

OMAHA is another wonderful example of western growth, almost rivaling Chicago. The Senate has agreed to give Omaha \$2,000,000 for a Government building. Two millions for Omaha and a third of a million for Los Angeles appears to be somewhat out of proportion.

COMMUNICATION between countries is constantly growing closer and more frequent. We shall soon all feel like one big family. It is now proposed to have daily mail and passenger steamers between New York and Liverpool. Only a few years ago a monthly sailing packet was considered good enough.

WHEN interviewed in New York on the subject of the Pacific roads, C. P. Huntington, in reply to an inquiry as to whether he would like to have the Government foreclose the mortgage, replied: "I do not think the Government will do anything of the kind." Mr. Huntington undoubtedly knows what he is talking about.

CHARLES EMORY SMITH will astonish the Russian tanks at the court of St. Petersburg by abstaining from the use of intoxicating drinks. Mr. Smith is not a Prohibitionist, but he has not tasted wine for many years. At public banquets he turns his glasses down when the wine is passed. This will astonish the Russian blue-blooms, who are the hardest drinkers in the world. We have always been represented at St. Petersburg by a man who liked at least a little wine at dinner. Buchanan, Curtin, Cameron, Jewell, Baker, Ingersoll, Lothrop and others took wine with the Russians in a generous and friendly way.

THE SEWER QUESTION.

The advocates of expenditure for sewers to the full amount asked for, in order to give us flush times, are at their old work of attempting to mislead voters; consequently it is time that those journals which are actuated by a desire to serve the interest of the taxpayers should begin to place these matters before the people in their true light. THE TIMES did some effective work in this direction during the last sewer campaign. It is not a pleasant task to have to wade into this subject once more, and refute the intentional falsehoods which are advanced in such numbers, but it is a public duty and must not be shirked.

The building of the internal sewer system will cost, as estimated, \$374,000. This money, distributed among our own workingmen, will give them employment and wages to tide over our present hard times. The amount is not large enough to attract the unemployed from other cities to rush in, and by severe competition crowd out our workingmen from what should be their special privilege. Should, however, the amount be raised to \$1,598,675, and it be published abroad that this city is prepared to divide that amount of money among all laborers who want work, what will be the consequence? Thousands of unemployed from every direction will flock in, and our own workingmen will have to come down in their wages to compete with the hungry work-seekers of every city within reach of this. In San Francisco alone there are 25,000 men out of work. Our workingmen may consider this as a conclusive answer to the demagogic appeals which are being made to them to vote for all the systems of bonds, mainly, if not solely, for the purpose of having the money divided up among them.

So much in regard to the interior system. This sewer question is so elaborate in its many phases that we shall confine the rest of this article to a consideration of the Ballona outfall part of the project, leaving the discussion of the proposed storm drains for another occasion.

At the outset, one important point—which has, we believe, hitherto escaped observation—is apparent in the outfall sewer ordinance. According to this ordinance, the outfall sewer is only to run "to the ocean," instead of 2000 feet into the ocean, as recommended by the Rudolph Herring Sewer Committee report. The \$696,775 of bonds are asked for to be used for that limited extent of sewer only, thus dumping the sewage at the line of ordinary tide water on the beach. To take it to that point and no further, the estimated cost, as per the ordinance, is \$696,775. There is no provision for raising money to take the sewer 2000 feet into the sea, which the Herring report declares to be absolutely necessary. This brings up the point in its most aggravated form, that the use of such a sewer will surely be enjoined by the seaside property-owners, who will not submit to such a nuisance. Even supposing that no such injunction were to be placed upon the work, it is a fact that the construction of the outfall sewer will require not less than two years' time. What is to become of the sewage in the mean time? The cost of iron pipes and the construction of works for the placing and holding the same to a distance of 2000 feet into the ocean would probably be not less than seventy-five or one hundred thousand dollars, and another bond election would have to be held, in order to vote that amount, thus making the cost of creating a nuisance at the seaside over three-quarters of a million dollars.

Among the taxpayers of Los Angeles who have given special attention to the sewer question is Mr. Andrew Glassell. A couple of months ago, when the engineers' report on the sewer question was received by the Council, several members of that body expressed the desire to hear something from the citizens generally before deciding between the different plans for the disposal of the sewage mentioned in the report. In response to this invitation Mr. Glassell contributed a lengthy article to the Herald, on the 31st of December, in which he gave a very clear and interesting account of the result of his investigations. From this we make the following extract:

The recommendation of the said engineers to construct an outfall sewer to Ballona, at the cost of \$696,775, is at least startling, especially when we consider that the former estimate for that sewer by our City Engineer was less than that amount by \$265,775, and that even that position was voted down by the people of the city.

These extravagant figures, such extravagant discrepancies, make us doubt the infallibility of engineers on sum matters of economy. The query is also suggested: If \$440,000, the former estimate for this Ballona sewer, was \$265,775 short of the cost of that work, how much short will be the present estimate of \$696,775 before the sewer shall be in shape for use?

Before voting this immense sum for this one and only sewage channel, it is entitled to consider for himself that the structure when built would not last for 50 years. The 2000 feet of cast iron pipe extending into 35 feet depth of sea water will immediately commence rusting away, with a rapidity well known to those who have observed the action of sea water on iron. The iron pipe intended to be cast in the fresh waters of the great lakes make no precedent for pipes in sea water.

It will be remarked by some that it is very easy to criticize a proposed plan, but that such criticism is of little use, unless some better proposition is offered. In our next article we shall endeavor to show how a better and cheaper disposition of the sewage may be had than by dumping it into the ocean.

RUSSIA AND AMERICAN CRITICISM.

Despite the statement of a prominent member of the Russian legation that the representatives of the Czar in this country are indifferent to the stories of Siberian atrocities that have been cabled across the water, the fact remains that the Russian Minister, as well as his superiors in St. Petersburg, has been very much perturbed by the circulation of these reports in the United States.

A Washington dispatch asserts that for a year past the Russian Minister has been furnished, through a press-clipping bureau, with copies of all cable dispatches and foreign letters relating to Russian affairs, as well as

with Kennan's articles on Siberia and the press reports of his lectures. These have periodically been forwarded to St. Petersburg. Over a month ago a member of the legation stated to a friend that the authorities at home were preparing an exhaustive reply to these statements, which would be presented to Secretary Blaine for transmission, if in his judgment considered politic, to the House of Representatives and the Senate, and that this statement would be accompanied by an intimation that the systematic publication of these stories was not conducive to the maintenance of cordial relations between the two governments. The matter, of course, is one with which the Secretary of State has nothing whatever to do, but the statement is significant as indicating that the Russian administrative officials are really more alive to the sentiment in this country and more concerned regarding it than they profess to be.

WOMEN'S WORK.

It is a pity that these women reformers do not realize the fact that there is work for them to do more important than the securing of the ballot for their sex. Cardinal Manning, one of the deepest thinkers of the age, when recently interviewed on the labor question, with special reference to women's work, said:

I think the time has come for strenuous and proper efforts to be made to protect the working women and to assure them equal fairness in the matter of their hours of work and their wages, as men now obtain.

The time is perhaps not far off when the sight of young, ill-fed girls, acquiring permanent injuries through long hours of toil, breaking their backs bending over machinery in ill-ventilated rooms, will be regarded as a sort of barbarity, and to be abominated by all.

As America, which loves to call itself "the land of the free," is renowned for its gallantry and its kindness to woman. So let us hope that the New World will lead the crusade against every who over-works, under-pays or ill-treats in any way the prototypes of his own mother and sisters.

CALIFORNIA PRODUCT OF FRUITS, NUTS AND HONEY.

The following is an estimate of the dried fruits, nuts, raisins, etc., produced in this State during 1889:

	Pounds.
Raisins, 900,000 boxes	18,000,000
Raisins, sacks	1,000,000
Prunes, dried	1,000,000
Prunes, French	15,000,000
Prunes, all others	200,000
Peaches, peeled	2,500,000
Peaches, sun-dried	500,000
Apricots	2,000,000
Apples, evaporated	400,000
Apples, sun-dried	100,000
Nectarines	500,000
Plums, pitted	200,000
Figs, black and white	100,000
Pears	50,000
Almonds	500,000
Walnuts	1,500,000
Honey	2,300,000

There are many valuable products which might be added to those now raised in Southern California. Among these is oil of peppermint, concerning which a Rochester correspondent of the Pittsburgh Dispatch writes as follows:

When it is said that nine-tenths of all the oil of peppermint used in the world comes from one little county in New York State it seems quite improbable, yet such is a fact and, at that, the best quality only. But a short distance east of this city is located Lyons, the county seat of Wayne County, which comes from the Revolutionary hero, Gen. Anthony Wayne, who, by his bustle, earned the sobriquet of "Mad Anthony." It is a small county, but is one of the leading in point of agriculture in the great Empire State. Over one hundred and fifty thousand pounds of the oil are now distilled in Wayne county each year, in favorable seasons. The crop is one that returns a fair profit to the farmer, who gets \$200 a ton for his oil, and from \$4 to \$5. Twenty-five pounds of oil to the acre is the lowest average of the crop and frequently it is double that.

Referring to the talk about the annexation of Canada, the Boston Traveler says:

Canada has a debt of \$290,000,000 and a yearly taxation of \$47,000,000, and has a population of 5,000,000. We have a population of over three billion dollars and our national debt would be over three billion dollars and our annual tax above six hundred and eleven million dollars if we owed as much or spent as much in proportion to numbers as our adjacent neighbor. This terrific burden upon the people of the Dominion explains why we should be anxious to have the border to come to us, and suggests that the United States should pause and ponder before taking, if it had the power, a people so heavily hampered, under the American flag. Canada will be obliged to discover some other modus vivendi than that under the wings of the American eagle.

AMONG THE POLITICIAN.

A New York Democratic newspaper makes a capital suggestion. It says: "The name of Kings county should be changed to Ringo county." Great is Tammany, and among its bosses none is greater than Grover Cleveland. The recommendation of the said engineers to construct an outfall sewer to Ballona, at the cost of \$696,775, is at least startling, especially when we consider that the former estimate for that sewer by our City Engineer was less than that amount by \$265,775, and that even that position was voted down by the people of the city.

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STAGE TONES.

IS A MUSICIAN AN "ARTIST" OR
A "LABORER?"Under the Contract Labor Law—
Troubles of the Strauss Orchestra
—Failure of Rosenfeld's New
Play—Bass or Baritone, Which?
The "Real Burglar" Fraud—
Maggie Mitchell Tonight in
"Ray."

The famous Strauss Orchestra is not coming to this country in May if the Musicians' Mutual Protective Union of New York can help it. The last-named organization has invoked the provisions of the Contract Labor Law to keep Mr. Strauss and his fifty merry men from fiddling for American ears. The theory of this action, says the New York Times, is, of course, that the public demands and will pay for only a certain fixed amount of musical entertainment, and that if, in part, its demand is satisfied by, and its money paid to, foreign performers, by that much "local musical organizations" are robbed of their just opportunity and emolument. This puts music on the same level with street-paving, car-driving and brick-laying, and it is the practitioners of the art who put it there. Musicians possessed of greater professional pride and sounder reasoning powers might be expected to welcome the Vienna orchestra on the theory that its concerts would be likely to foster the popular taste for musical entertainment and increase the demand for it.

The Treasury Department, it appears, has given a conditional permission for the Strauss Orchestra to land, on the ground that musicians may be classed as "artists," provided they combine science and taste in the manner of execution of their art. And it is left to the Collector to decide upon the best evidence obtainable how many, if any, or all the members of the Strauss Orchestra possess the degree of accomplishments which will entitle them to be classed as artists, and landed on these exclusive shores. Was ever such an absurd application of a law attempted in the history of civilization?

If the orchestra play together, says the Musical Courier, and that is the manner of their playing, how is the Collector to determine who is an incompetent player and who not, and if the members of the orchestra are to be examined individually in order to ascertain whether they are artists, it might result in considerable injustice, for very frequently an accomplished orchestral performer is not able to do solo work. The Strauss Orchestra has a world-wide reputation for its excellence, and to attempt the meanness indicated in the Treasury order will expose the department to merited ridicule.

Sydney Rosenfeld's new play, *The Stepping Stone*, upon which he says he spent two years of his time, was produced as announced at the Standard Theatre in New York, and was the

success of the season. The piece was universally condemned by the critics, and stated as an unmitigated failure. One of the leading authorities says: "The leading character, "Thurman Noyes," is a masculine combination of the supposed traits of a Blavatsky and a Dias de Bar. Like both these notorious deluders of shallow dupes, "Noyes" is corpulent of body and scant of soul. He is gross, greedy, sensual, a betrayer of women, a parasite and impostor of the worst sort. Around this wretched creature cluster a mob of chattering matrons and maids, slaves to his "magnetic power." But Mr. Rosenfeld has failed in making of "Noyes" the kind of man who could enchain any number of victims by hypnotism, or by any subtle influence. The brute is obnoxious and odious, that is all. After a career of varied rascality and deception the fellow is redeemed in a superfluous last act, full of false sentiment and bathos, through an awakening in his coarse and brutal soul of affection for a neglected child. The cast contains no less than fifteen speaking parts, most of them insufferably tedious.

Mr. Rosenfeld's purpose, no doubt, was to write an effective satire on theosophy, clairvoyance and kindred superstitions, a task for which he does not possess the requisite qualifications. According to another opinion, there is no other play upon our stage in which the sentiment calls so strongly for laughter and the comedy for walls of woe. *The Stepping Stone* will gather no moss.

Sullivan and Gilbert's latest offering, *The Gondoliers*, appears to be recovering from the adverse criticism launched upon it on its first appearance in this country. A number of changes in the cast have been made, and the piece removed to another theater, where it is better mounted. The new verdict now is that the opera is pleasing in score and libretto, and well worth listening to, though not equal to *The Mikado*.

Henry Klefer, a Dresden singer, has brought suit against his vocal teacher, Armin von Boehme, who trained him as a baritone singer against the advice of other competent authorities, who declared that Henry was a bass. Failing to get an operatic engagement after his training was completed, because he was told again and again that he was a bass, he now claims in his suit that through the false treatment of his teacher his voice has been forced out of its natural and normal compass, and has been strained upward instead of developed downward. He seeks to recover from his teacher the sum of 4500 marks to study anew with, and 2000 marks damages for loss of time. The Court decided to hear expert testimony, and the decision, as well as the evidence upon which it will be based, are looked forward to with a good deal of curiosity.

A theatrical manager who can work the Associated Press for dispersions which are simply puffs for his "attraction" must be more than ordinarily shrewd. Yet this has been done during the past week in the interest of a cheap, vulgar and vicious London melodrama which was given here a few months since and is now drawing crowded houses on the strength of a burglar scene, which is advertised as being performed by two genuine burglars, who have each done time in the penitentiary. It is a fact that the two supposed burglars are personated by a stage carpenter and the property man belonging to the company, but the management keeps up its pretense of hiring "real" burg-

lars, and secures any amount of free advertising in consequence, while it panders to the vicious tastes of the lowest classes of the community and does its best to educate them in crime.

In local theatricals the only attraction for the coming week is Maggie Mitchell, who opens tonight at the Grand Opera-house in her new play, entitled *Ray*. The engagement lasts three nights, and also includes a Wednesday matinee. As this is Maggie Mitchell's first appearance before a Los Angeles public, the house will no doubt be crowded with an audience including many who will be curious to see an actress whose reputation is so widespread.

Another item of some importance is the advent of Miss Jessie Couthui (pronounced Cooh-wei), who styles herself a "recitationist" being evidently tired of that much-abused appellation of "eloquentist." The lady's picture shows an intelligent, attractive face and graceful figure. The press notices quoted in her circular relating to her readings in Canada and the New England States are quite flattering. She will appear at Illinois Hall on Saturday and Monday nights next.

Dramatic and Musical Notes.

The Booth-Modjeska Company will close its season at Louisville on the third of May. Next season Booth will probably be seen with Barrett again, while Modjeska will lead a company of her own.

Minnie Maddern closed her season at Toronto on the 8th ult.

Stuart Robson is anxious to get a New York verdict in *An Arrant Knave*, which has been variously approved and condemned elsewhere, and will bring out the piece in the great metropolis next month.

Marie Prescott is to appear in her character of *Cleopatra*.

Grace Huntington says, "No moreights for me." She is slowly recovering from pulmonary trouble caused by exposure in scanty costumes last summer.

Wilson Barrett is attracting large and enthusiastic audiences in St. Louis.

It is said that Theodore Thomas will marry Rose Fay, a Chicago woman.

A New York paper is taking a vote from its readers for the most popular actress in the country. At last account Corinne was heading the list by about five thousand.

It is already reported that Col. Mapleson is coming to this country shortly for the purpose of looking up the prospects for a season of grand Italian opera, to be given during the World's Fair.

Marguerite Van Zandt came to grief in Louisville with her *Last Days of Pompeii* company, and is reported strangled.

The Grand Duchess is to be revived at the New York Casino, and will, for the first time in this country, be given as a spectacular production. Baron de Grimm has designed all the costumes, and they are said to be thoroughly characteristic.

The two hundredth performance of *Shenandoah* has been celebrated by the giving away of souvenirs in the shape of bronze inkstands representing army relics, and intrinsically worth \$1.75 apiece.

Modjeska's sprained ankle will confine her to her room for a month.

Farini, the noted baritone, late of Los Angeles and San Francisco, has established himself in New York city to teach the "pure Italian method of singing."

The Kendals are back in New York and drawing bigger houses than ever. Jananuschek's tour through New England this season has been very successful.

Fanny Davenport opened to \$1537 in New Orleans. She is doing well in the South.

The Patti season in San Francisco has not proved a financial success.

The South has been compelled to stand many things since the war, but a company of colored tragedians with a cook manager is now working Mississippi, and the people grin and bear it.

[Music and Drama.]

Henry Irving, on his next visit to the United States, will visit California.

Mrs. James G. Blaine's, Jr., testimonial benefit was a society and artistic success. The beneficiary netted about thirty-seven hundred dollars.

The musical critic of the New York Tribune is writing a paper for Harper's, entitled "How to Listen to Wagner's Music."

Rosa Coghlan is entertaining the New Yorkers with *Jocelyn*.

J. M. Hill has closed a contract to star Maurice Barrymore with a superior company. The first piece for the new combination will be *A Desperate Remedy*, a four-act comedy drama by Augustus Thomas.

Patti Ross was entertained in grand style by a military company on the 12th ult. at Birmingham, Ala. The elaborate and tempting menu comprised such dainty dishes as table celery, curled; magnolia ham in jelly, decorated; sliced cold veal, plain; ambrosia in stands on table; claret burns, sweet pickles, French mustard, horseradish, French rolls and milk crackers.—[Dramatic Mirror.]

There is a company out West playing *Hamlet* with marked success, which is attributed to the fact that a new feature is introduced, the melancholy Dane singing "Little Annie Rooney" just after the great soliloquy.—[Dramatic Mirror.]

W. H. Elwood, who gave up his position as paying teller in a Detroit bank, to go upon the stage, has made quite a hit as "Lieut. Hayne" in *Hold by the Enemy*.

Hattie Grinnell has married C. Moller, a wealthy sugar refiner, and will exchange the glitter of the stage for the refined sweets of domesticity. The publication of the eighth and final volume of the "Henry Irving Shakespeare" will not be delayed by the death of the editor, Frank Marshall. Mr. Marshall's arduous labor while engaged on this work was the indirect cause of his fatal illness.

Local Musical Notes.

The principal musical event of the current week, from a popular point of view, will doubtless be the two concerts to be given by the veteran cornettist, Jules Levy, at the Pavilion on Wednesday and Thursday next.

The Treble Clef Club will give its second concert at an early date, for the benefit of the Orphans' Home.

Carl Maria von Weber's Mass was given at the morning mass at the Cathedral yesterday, with a full chorus and Mr. von Hofe as soloist. Easter music of an attractive character is already in preparation by the choir members.

Mrs. Wenger, alto, and Miss N. Catching, soprano, sang at the First Baptist Church at Sunday morning service.

In the list of sopranos mentioned last week as belonging to the St. Cecilia Choral Club, Miss Kimball's name appeared by mistake. The proper name should have been that of

Los Angeles Times: Monday, March 3, 1890.

THE
HOTEL DEL CORONADO
CORONADO.

With its magnificent appointments and genial atmosphere, is the most delightful and thoroughly enjoyable place

IN THE WHOLE WORLD.

NO EXCEPTION.

Every breeze there is laden with health, and the constantly changing and beautiful panorama is most pleasing to the eye of every visitor.

IN-DOOR AND OUT-DOOR AMUSEMENTS ARE AMPLY PROVIDED.

THE CORONADO NATURAL MINERAL WATER

Is possessed of especial MEDICINAL VIRTUES in Kidney and Bladder troubles, and has made

MANY EFFECTUAL AND WONDERFUL CURES

Among guests at the Hotel and others.

Los Angeles Agency and Bureau of Information,
23 NORTH SPRING ST., COR. FRANKLIN.

Call and get a picture of the Hotel.

Coronado Mineral Water.

CORONADO WATER

The most eminent physicians will tell you that the first principle of any cure to be arrived at, is the formation of a healthy, rich blood. The body is thus enabled to effect its own restoration.

No MEDICINE known to man can produce this much desired result so effectively.

The less mineral salts a water contains, the greater is its value for table use: this constitutes much of its virtue as a remedy in Kidney ailments. The absence of potassium salts is greatly in favor of the Coronado Natural Mineral Water.

PROF. W. T. WENZEL, Chemist, San Francisco.

Comparative amount of Solids contained in one pint of different waters:

	GRAINS.
Coronado Natural Mineral Water	2.72
Napa Soda Water (precipitates its minerals)	8.093
Etna Mineral Water (contains 4.075 grains potassium, salts)	12.059
Apolinaris Water (reported artificial)	19.59

"I desire to state as my opinion, arrived at after thorough investigation and careful deliberation, that the Coronado Water, as imported to the State of California, has been subjected to artificial treatment, consisting of the addition of mineral salts, without which it immediately possesses a flat and tasteless taste, and that it cannot rank as a natural mineral water."

J. P. BATTENHALL, Chemist, S. Laboratories, Y. City.

In conclusion I am of the opinion that the water is not the genuine article furnished by the California Company, with the admissions made by their experts alone, we cannot but conclude that the Apolinaris Mineral Water, as imported, is an artificial water."

EDWARD SCHERER, Chemist, in charge of U. S. Laboratory.

Price, per dozen quarts, \$2.50 Price, dozen pints, \$1.25
Per case of 50 quarts, \$6.50 Per case of 100 pints, \$9.50
50 cts. per dozen paid for empty quart bottles returned; Pints, 20 cts. per dozen
STILL WATER—Delivered at residence in 5 gallon demijohns, at \$1.00H. J. WOOLLACOTT,
126 AND 128 NORTH SPRING ST., AND BRANCH, 455 SOUTH SPRING ST.

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CORONADO WATER COMPANY,
CORONADO, SAN DIEGO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA

GROCERIES

Retailed at Wholesale Prices.

TELEPHONE 546. HALL & PACKARD'S 341 & 343 SPRING ST.

QUOTATIONS NO. 2:

14 pounds best dry granulated Sugar	\$1.00	50-pound sack best Northern Flour	\$1.25
16 pounds best brown Sugar	1.00	Best Eastern Breakfast Bacon	1.00
12 cans Standard Tomato	1.00	Best Eastern Dry Salted Pork	1.00
12 cans Standard String Beans	1.00	10-pound sack Lard	90c
10 cans Standard Pie Fruits	1.00	6-pound Lard	80c
10 cans Standard Canned	1.00	10-pound sack Fresh Meat	200c
6 cans Standard Tomato	1.00	3 cans Eggs or Evaporated Milk	50c
30 bars finest Soap	1.00	1 gallon Pudding or Crown Syrup	60c
12 pounds best Maple Syrup	1.00	Packard's Germia or Breakfast Gem	25c
40-gallon barrel Best Rice	1.00	Holland Mackerel Herrings	25c
Select Baltimore Oysters Received Daily. Quarts Cans, 50 Cents			

Choctaw, Pottawattomie and Oneida at lowest market prices. Country orders especially selected. Send us a list of goods wanted and we will quote prices by return mail, thus enabling you to accompany your order with money or check. Goods packed and delivered at depot free of charge. All other goods reduced in above proportion. A large stock to select from and more coming. Call and see your friends.

HALL & PACKARD, 341 & 343 South Spring Street.

Mrs. Willigrod, who has just returned from San Francisco.

Pasadena has a symphony club, which gives occasional public rehearsals at the houses of members. Such a rehearsal was held last week at the residence of Mr. Green, with the following classic programme:

Overture, "Buy Bias" (Mendelssohn).

Symphony in G major, No. 6 (Haydn).

Sonata No. 3 in G minor, op. 137 (Schubert).

Symphony No. 1 in D major, op. 36 (Beethoven).

The S. M. Club will devote the meeting of March 10th to a second programme of Anton Rubenstein. C. Ward has been asked to repeat his delightful playing of the famous "Moldy in F" the favorite composition of the great virtuoso, but which he is said never to have played correctly in his life.

There is a company out West playing *Hamlet* with marked success, which is attributed to

EISTEDDFODAU.

THE CURIOUS CELEBRATION OF THE WELSH PEOPLE.

Which Dates Back to a Period Before the Eleventh Century — A Competition to Encourage Art, Poetry, Romance and Industry — A Welsh Jawbreaker.

For the Times.
"Taffy was a Welshman" and wherever he may be, whether in the narrow crooked streets of his old-fashioned little native towns as Brecon, Carnarvon, Conway, Denbigh, or one of his pleasant little villages, such as

tell you the chairman had somewhere about forty items on his list. To an outsider the adjudications seemed very fair, the judge (an accomplished singer himself, Dr. Thomas of Tulare, I think) illustrating in each decision on the singing, by himself singing or reciting those parts where he considered the competitors at fault, also singling two Welsh airs very beautifully.

But the gem of the evening to me was the recitation of "Excalibur," by two local Jennie Joneses, who ran each other so close that Mr. Llewellyn, who seemed to be the "Deus ex machina" of the business, announced that he would duplicate the money part of the prize, and they were both decorated with the tri-color badge as well.

This is a very curious edition of old times right here in the midst of the most modern city in the world, and side by side old times and present progress must excuse my too lengthy epistle.

LLWYDD.

LETTERS TO THE TIMES.

A Plea for the "Bug Commission."

VERDUGO, March 1.—[To the Editor of THE TIMES.] Allow me to say, through your columns, a few words in commendation of our much-abused "bug commissioners," whom many people (who should know better) are now ignorantly condemning. It is well-known that the San Jose scale (*Aspidotus perniciosus*) is distributed impartially and liberally over Los Angeles county. No parasite has been discovered that harms this scale to any great extent. It infests apple, peach and pear trees, and it is a pretty sure thing that none of these trees live more than two years after this scale appears on them, if unmolested. If permitted to have its own way, while we wait for a parasite to turn up, the prolific and pernicious *Aspidotus* will put a quietus on the raising of deciduous fruits in Los Angeles county just as sure as fate! The wash, composed of sulphur, lime and salt, applied during the winter, is a cheap and effectual remedy for this pest. Inspectors appointed by our commissioners have done good work in examining orchards infested by this scale, and in inducing owners to spray their trees.

There are people in every community who need to be urged on by some else, or by legal process sometimes, to do their duty to themselves as well as to the public. There are others who are ignorant of the fact that there is scale on their trees, or of the proper remedy, method and time of application. These two classes of individuals are the people most directly indebted to our "bug commissioners," and yet among them may be found the very persons who would have this useful commission dispensed with.

The idea seems to prevail among many owners of orange trees that the white scale and the red are the only insect pests we have cause to fear, and that providence, having furnished the red cardinal to rid us of the former, the country is safe. It is just as important for us to protect our deciduous trees as it is to care for our orange orchards, and it is doubtful whether the white scale has done more damage in Los Angeles county than its distant relative, popularly supposed to be the "buggy."

There is plenty of work for this commission to do, and the present managers appear capable and willing to do it. The codlin moth is taking possession of our apple trees. Orchardists should be instructed how, and induced to use spray on this fruit, to prevent its early spoiled.

There are bugs in the beans and worms in the corn, and new pests are appearing from time to time. To study these things and procure a remedy for them is within the province of our Horticultural Commissioners, and the work they can do and will do, if permitted, must be of incalculable benefit to the farmer and orchardist, who is blind to his own interests, if he does not sustain them in their efforts.

J. C. SHERER.

A STORY OF DOM PEDRO.

How He Saw the Philadelphia Exhibition.

The Churchman!
A story is told of the ex-Emperor which well illustrates his character. When, with the Empress, he visited the Centennial Exhibition in Philadelphia and attempted to examine the exhibits, he was wedged in immovably by a gaping, excited, but good-natured mob. He bore this in patience for two days. On the third day he resolved upon a bold change.

"I shall see nothing," he said to his secretary, "I must be incognito. Prepare me some disguise."

The next day a stout farmer, with a coat not of the newest, his wife on his arm in a rather shabby merino gown; shouldered his way through the gates and spent the day in a close study of the educational systems of different countries. They thus quietly and unnoticed continued their observations for a week.

One day they met a group of 20 Brazilian civil engineers, students from a great polytechnic school. The young men stopped, hesitated in amazement, and then, with loud cheers and wild excitement, saluted the farmer and his wife, bowing to the ground and kissing their hands.

"It is the Emperor," one of them explained, with tears in his eyes, to a bystander. "He is more than our king; he is the father of the people!"

Of his own scanty purse he supports me and nine other orphan boys at our school. In every country he has his orphan boys in colleges and universities that they may bring knowledge of all arts and sciences to Brazil. He has just made a tour of Europe, and he comes here to find new inventions and ideas that may be useful to his people."

The boys gathered closely around Dom Pedro, while he asked each as to his health and success. He knew each of "his boys" personally, and was loved by them with a deep, grateful affection.

The brick and material for the new jail is being hauled, and work will soon begin on the structure.—[Santa Ana Standard.]

Nearly everybody needs a good medicine at this season to purify the blood and cure the system.

A. S. SMITH, M.D., HOMEOPATHIST.

Office, 130 N. Spring St., Los Angeles. San Pedro and Long Beach. Office hours: 11 to 12 a.m. 1 to 4 p.m. Telephone No. 82.

DR. F. BEACH & BOYNTON, OFFICE.

27 N. Spring St., Los Angeles. Cal. Office hours: 8 a.m. to 12 m. 2 to 4 p.m. Dr. Boynton's residence, 725 Olive St.

DR. R. G. S. WALKER (LATE OF ST. LOUIS), homeopathist; office, 130 S. SPRING ST.; hours: 10 to 12 a.m. and 2 to 4 p.m.

M. D. LUMMIS, M.D., OFFICE AND RESIDENCE.

120 S. Spring St., Los Angeles. Cal. Telephone No. 650.

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FOR SEVERAL YEARS AS CHINESE PHYSICIAN AND HOMEOPATHIST.

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LOS ANGELES TIMES,
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Subscriptions and advertisements receive prompt
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JESSUP & PINNEY, Managers.



Pasadena Edition.

Times.

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10—TEN YEARS' TIME—10
IN THE FAMOUS FOOTHILL BELT.
WEST HIGHLANDS.

Two miles northeast of San Bernardino. One inch of water to each seven acres, "piped." Ten per cent. cash balance in 10 years, at 7 per cent. interest. For particulars and maps, address C. H. RHODES, Gen. Agt., Sec. and Treas. Room 23, Bryson block, Los Angeles, or WILSON & DRAPER, General Agents, San Bernardino, Cal.

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\$150,000 Worth of Boots and Shoes

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Passes given to parties building (subject to approval of the directors) along the line of its road.

LEAVE MONROVIA for LEAVE COMMERCIAL

LOS ANGELES, S. S. VIA S.P.R.R.

\$10.00 a.m. and 2:30 p.m. 8:30 a.m. and 3:30 p.m.

SUNDAY.

Same time, except 2:30 a.m. train from Commercial street will leave at 2:14 p.m.

Passenger transferred at Ramona.

INTERMEDIATE STATIONS:

Foto Street, Mayberry, Sunny Slope

Baldwin, Highland, Glendale, Baldwin,

Ramona, San Gabriel, Arcadia

Alhambra, San Bernardino, Arcadia

F. J. SPENCER, Pres. F. Q. STORY, Gen. Mgr.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY.

Pacific System.

IMPORTANT CHANGE OF TIME

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1890.

Trains leave and are due to arrive at Los Angeles New and old time.

old street, daily, as follows:

Leave for DESTINATION. Arr. from

4:00 p.m. Banning. 10:04 a.m.

5:10 p.m. Banning. 10:30 a.m.

6:20 p.m. Banning. 10:56 a.m.

7:30 p.m. Colton. 11:04 a.m.

8:40 p.m. Colton. 11:20 a.m.

9:50 p.m. Denning and East. 12:20 p.m.

10:00 p.m. East. 1:30 p.m.

11:10 p.m. Beach. 1:56 p.m.

12:20 p.m. Beach and San Pedro. 2:30 p.m.

1:30 p.m. Beach and San Pedro. 4:15 p.m.

2:40 p.m. Beach and San Pedro. 7:30 p.m.

3:50 p.m. Ogden and Bakersfield. 7:32 a.m.

4:00 p.m. Portland, Or. 7:35 a.m.

5:10 p.m. Riverside. 8:37 a.m.

6:20 p.m. Riverside. 4:20 p.m.

7:30 p.m. San Bernardino. 10:00 p.m.

8:40 p.m. San Bernardino. 10:37 a.m.

9:50 p.m. San Bernardino. 11:54 a.m.

10:00 p.m. Redlands. 12:00 p.m.

11:10 p.m. Redlands. 1:07 p.m.

12:20 p.m. San Fran & Sacramento. 4:10 p.m.

1:30 p.m. Santa Ana and Anaheim. 8:37 a.m.

2:40 p.m. Santa Ana and Anaheim. 9:45 a.m.

3:50 p.m. Santa Barbara. 4:10 p.m.

4:00 p.m. Santa Barbara. 4:10 p.m.

5:10 p.m. Santa Monica. 4:33 a.m.

6:20 p.m. Santa Monica. 12:30 p.m.

7:30 p.m. Santa Monica. 2:29 p.m.

8:40 p.m. Tustin. 7:35 a.m.

9:50 p.m. Whittier. 7:35 a.m.

10:00 p.m. Whittier. 9:38 a.m.

Sundays excepted. Except Monday.

Local and express trains, express charges

charters, Pullman sleeping-car reservations

made and general information given upon application to

J. M. CRAWLEY.

At 6:15 a.m. 10:30 a.m. 2:30 p.m.

7:45 a.m. 11:45 a.m. 3:45 p.m.

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3:15 a.m. 8:15 a.m.



Herr Arnold Kutter will lecture at the Unity Church this evening.

If Lida Brooks will call at the police station she will learn something to her advantage.

Mrs. Mary Nicholson, sister of Mrs. Longstreet of this city, died in Santa Ana last Wednesday.

There are undelivered telegrams at the Western Union Telegraph office for E. H. Amsden, S. G. Gwyn and Col. W. B. Shantz.

The average daily "take" of books from the Public Library during January of this year was \$30, and during February it was \$30—showing a most satisfactory increase.

Yesterday was very dull in police circles, only two or three drunks and a straying horse being brought in from 8 o'clock Saturday evening until the same hour last night.

The Council will meet, as usual, at 10 o'clock this morning, when another effort will probably be made to settle the matter of the custody of the city funds. The meeting promises to be an interesting one, as several matters of importance are to come up.

The Presbyterian Association of Los Angeles will hold its monthly meeting this evening at the First Presbyterian Church. The "Revision of the Westminster Confession of Faith" will be the topic of the evening. Addresses will be delivered by Hon. J. Shurley Ward, Judge Samuel Miner and others.

Westlake Park is becoming quite a resort for the people on the hills in the western part of the city, and yesterday there was quite a large crowd in attendance. The 50-acre East Side Park is also being got in shape, for the use of the public, and will probably be highly patronized during the coming spring and summer.

A team attached to a two-horse express wagon ran away at the corner of Broadway and Second streets last evening, throwing out the driver, who was considerably bruised, but not seriously hurt. The accident was caused by the breaking of one of the lines, but the driver held on to the other and turned the team in to the City Hall, stopping them before any great damage was done.

Last night, between 9 and 10 o'clock, Officers Fay and O'Reagan found a gang of drunken Mexicans in front of the old Roma Hotel, on Alameda street, five of whom were unable to take care of themselves, and they were sent to the police station, where they were "locked up." Two of the men arrested are the same Mexicans who were caught by Officer Fay while taking wood out of a yard on Upper Main street.

The crazy Chinaman found by Officer Hinkelbach at the corner of Los Angeles and Arcadia streets, Saturday afternoon, is still at the station. Yesterday several of his countrymen were taken to the station to see if they could find out anything about him, but the heathen refused to have anything to say to them. He is apparently hopelessly insane, and will be removed to the County Jail today. Nothing is known as to where he came from or who is responsible for the condition in which he was found.

Among the arrivals on the Santa Barbara train last night was Constable J. H. Kerns of San Fernando, armed with a warrant for the arrest of a Frenchman named G. Begay for a murderous assault on a man named John Harris, at Calabasas, Saturday. Kerns met Vignes at the depot, when the latter took him to the place where Begay roomed, at the corner of Ducommun and Amelina streets. The man was in bed at the time, but got up and dressed and went with the officer, who returned to San Fernando on the 10:40 o'clock train last night.

PERSONAL NEWS.

J. B. Banning came up from Wilmington yesterday.

H. A. Rogers and A. C. Rogers of Santa Barbara are in the city.

Mrs. R. A. Wellman and family of San Francisco are registered at the Hollenbeck.

Mrs. and Miss Ward and Victor Ward, San Gabriel, were guests of the Hollenbeck yesterday.

W. A. Robinson, Frank J. Berlin, W. A. Kolbe, A. J. Steinman, G. F. Gray, John B. Leonard and E. Lewis of San Francisco are guests of the Hollenbeck.

Deafness Successfully Treated.
Noises in the ears, discharges from the ears. All the most improved appliances for the relief of deafness. DR. SLOCUM, 384 South Main street, "Caledonwood." Hours, 9 a.m. to 4 p.m.

GENERAL AUCTION

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COMMISSION HOUSE.

W. E. BEESON,

119 & 121 W. Second St.,

Between Spring and Fort Sts.

AUCTION, STORAGE & COMMISSION:

PERPETUAL SALES OF

New and Secondhand Furniture,

—ON—

Tuesday, Mar. 4th, Thursday, Mar. 6th, and Saturday, Mar. 8th, At 10 a.m. and 2 p.m.

Horses, Buggies, etc., every Saturday at 10 a.m. Outside Sales Made on Application. B. N. O. RHOADES, Auctioneer.

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No. 209 North Main Street,
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DISEASES OF THE HEAD,
Throat and Lungs, successfully treated by H. T. WILLIAMS, M.D., M.C.P.S.C., by his Compound Oxygen and other Medicated Inhalations.

Probably no system of practice ever employed has been so universally successful as that of H. T. WILLIAMS, for the cure of Catarah, Throat Diseases, Bronchitis, Asthma and Consumption.

CATARAH.

Catarah is often regarded by the patient as a cold in the head, and is often mistaken for an ordinary cold, but it has a remarkable tendency to contract fresh cold. Indeed, he declares that he is scarcely free from one cold before he takes another, and he is always exceedingly fatigued.

Catarah is a disease of the eye, and it is the character of the disease that distinguishes it from the throat. It is somewhat changed in its character and has extended to the throat.

A sense of weariness is sometimes felt in the head, but it is not a constant symptom. At times occurs a sensation of dryness is felt in the throat, or it appears that some foreign substance, as, for instance, a hair, obstructs the throat.

We offer as a Big Drive a special line of TAP. BRUSSELS

CARPETS at 75 cents a yard, sewed and laid. Same goods

are selling in town today at \$1.

We offer a large lot of BODY BRUSSELS CARPETS AND BORDER. Amongst this line are the best makes of goods,

all patterns, at \$1 a yard, sewed and laid.

We also offer our entire line of SMITH'S MOQUETTES,

to close out, at \$1.50 per yard, sewed and laid. All choice

styles. All goods sold strictly for cash.

Every article in our store must be sold at once. We are

going to close out, and the public will never get such prices

on Carpets again. We have not got the time to list the prices,

but if you will call you will soon be convinced that we mean

business.

We offer as a Big Drive a special line of TAP. BRUSSELS

CARPETS at 75 cents a yard, sewed and laid. Same goods

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Furniture.

A Tremendous Cut in Carpets.

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Lion's Carpet Store,

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Having Purchased the Entire Stock

—OF—

FURNITURE

OF THE LATE FIRM OF

WALTON & WACHTEL,

I Offer the Same to Either Dealers
or Private Parties

AT LESS THAN ACTUAL COST!

I have determined to close out the stock as soon as possible. Intending purchasers will serve their interests by giving me a call.

J. V. WACHTEL,
312, 314 & 316 S. Spring St.

Clothing.

Can You Tell a Bargain if You See It? Now Then Call at

EADAM
S. SPRING ST.
UNDER THE NADEAU HOUSE, AND JUDGE
FOR YOURSELF.

CLOTHING: Our \$10 Suits are still selling for \$4.90. Our \$12.50 Silk-mixed Suits must be closed for 6.25.

Our \$15 Dress Suits are reduced to 7.50.

Our \$20 Prince Albert Suits, reduced to 12.50.

HATS: Our \$1.50 Derby Hats, this week, 95c only.

Our \$2.50 Crush Hats, this week, \$1.25 only.

Our \$3, \$3.50 and \$4 Hats must go at \$1.75 only.

SPECIAL: 240 dozen White Unlathried Dress Shirts, worth 75c, reduced to 35c.

BE ON HAND EARLY BEFORE THE BARGAINS ARE ALL SOLD.

E. ADAM'S, Under the Nadeau House,

Gutting—Mullen, Bluett & Co.

MULLEN, BLUETT & CO.,

N.W. Corner Spring and First Sts.,

Awaiting the arrival of Spring Goods,
will continue their great

Discount Sale!

For a few days longer, until their spring opening is announced.

To Spot Cash Buyers They are Giving

TWENTY PER CENT. DISCOUNT

On Men's and Boys' Overcoats,

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